## II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, May - 2019 SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN <br> (Com to ECE, EIE and ECC)

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. AnswerALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Convert the given gray code number to binary: 1001001011.
b) Prove that $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{AB}+\mathrm{BC}+\mathrm{AC}$ is a self-dual function.
c) Draw four bit adder circuit using full adders
d) Explain difference in the basic structure of PLA, PAL and PROM
e) Convert D Flip Flop to T Flip Flop
f) Explain about Mealy state machine

## PART -B

2. a) Realize a 2 input EX-OR gate using minimum number of 2 input NAND gates.
b) Encode the decimal numbers using 6, 3, 1,-1 weighted code. Is it a selfcomplementing code?
3. a) Simplify the Boolean function $F$ using the don't care conditions $d$, in (i) sum of products and (ii) product of sums.

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathrm{F}=\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \mathrm{B}^{\prime} \mathrm{D}^{\prime}+\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \mathrm{CD}+\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \mathrm{BC} \\
& \mathrm{~d}=\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \mathrm{BC}^{\prime} \mathrm{D}+\mathrm{ACD}+\mathrm{AB}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{D}^{\prime} \tag{7M}
\end{align*}
$$

b) $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D})=\pi \max [5,8,14]+\mathrm{d} \pi[7,11,12,13,15]$. Obtain minimal sop function.
4. a) Define Multiplexer and explain the procedure to implement 32X1 MUX by Using 4X1 Multiplexers.
b) Design 4-bit digital comparator and explain with neat sketch.
5. a) Write a brief note on Architecture of PLDs
b) Write a brief note on Capabilities and the limitations of threshold gates.
6. a) Draw the circuit diagram of MOD-10 Counter and explain the operation of it.
b) What is race around condition and how to avoid it along with circuit diagram.
7. a) Distinguish between Mealy and Moore machines
b) Convert the following Mealy machine into a corresponding Moore machine:

| PS | NS,Z |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{X}-0$ | $\mathrm{X}=1$ |
| A | $\mathrm{B}, 0$ | $\mathrm{E}, 0$ |
| B | $\mathrm{E}, 0$ | $\mathrm{D}, 0$ |
| C | $\mathrm{D}, 1$ | $\mathrm{~A}, 0$ |
| D | $\mathrm{C}, 1$ | $\mathrm{E}, 0$ |
| E | $\mathrm{B}, 0$ | $\mathrm{D}, 0$ |

