## II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, October/November - 2020 NETWORK ANALYSIS <br> (Com to ECE, EIE and ECC)

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) A given conductor has a resistance of $2 \Omega$. What is the resistance of another conductor of the same material, which has one - half the diameter and three times the length of the given conductor
b) Define the term Form factor along with its usefulness
c) Explain the phenomena of resonance in electric circuits
d) State the Tellegen's theorem
e) Distinguish between Symmetrical and Asymmetrical Networks
f) Why Laplace transform method is superior to classical method

## PART -B

2. a) State and explain Kirchhoff's Laws
b) Find the value of resistance "R" and voltage across $12 \Omega$ for the network shown below:

3. a) Distinguish between the Planar and Non-planar Graphs w.r.t Graph Theory
b) Determine the current through the $4 \Omega$ resistor branch of the given network.

4. a) Derive the equation for Equivalent inductance, when two inductors are coupled in series aiding and mutual inductance exists between them
b) A choke coil $(\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{L})$ is connected in series with a $25 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor. This series combination is connected across a supply voltage of 230 V . the circuit draws 55 A when the resonance frequency is 50 Hz . Calculate i)the resistance and inductance of the coil, and ii) the voltage across the capacitor
5. Determine the current through the load resistance $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \Omega$ across the terminals

A-B of the circuit shown in figure, using thevenin's theorem. Find also the maximum power transfer to the resistance $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$

6. a) Explain the interrelationships between Z-parameters in terms of Y-parameters for a two port network
b) Compute the transmission parameters for the two port network if the Z-
parameters for the network are $\mathrm{Z}_{11}=42 \Omega, \mathrm{Z}_{22}=35 \Omega, \mathrm{Z}_{12}=\mathrm{Z}_{21}=25 \Omega$.
7. a) State and explain Initial Value and Final value theorem
b) Determine the initial and final values of the current where

$$
\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{~s})=\frac{0.42}{s\left(s^{2}+0.35 s+0.816\right)}
$$

