Code No: R1622045 (R16) (SET - 1)

## II B. Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April - 2018 PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

(Com to ECE, EIE, ECC)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A 3. Answer any **FOUR** Questions from **Part-B** PART -A 1. 2Ma) Describe about ringing circuit? 3M b) Draw the diode based positive clipper and draw its waveforms? 2MWhat are the applications of time base generators? 2Md) Draw the Schmitt trigger circuit? 3Me) Why a monostable multivibrator is called as a delay circuit? f) 2MGive the comparison between TTL and CMOS families? PART -B Prove that a low pass circuit acts as an integrator. Derive an expression for the 2. 7Moutput voltage levels under steady state conditions of a low pass circuit excited by a ramp input. An RC low-pass filter is fed with a symmetrical square wave. The peak-to-peak 7M amplitude of the input waveform is 10 V and its average value is zero. It is given that RC=T/2 where T is the period of the square wave. Determine the peak-to-peak amplitude of the output waveform. State and prove clamping circuit theorem? And explain the Transfer characteristics 3. 7M a) of clampers. Give the circuits of different types of shunt clippers and explain their operation 7M with the help of their transfer characteristics 4. What are different types of multivibrators? Explain the stable state and quasi 7M stable state of a multivibrator. Describe the sequence of events in an n-p-n transistor to change from cut-off to 7M saturation and vice versa. How does temperature affect the saturation junction of a transistor? 5. 7M a) Prove that an astable multivibrator works as voltage to frequency converter Design a Collector coupled monostable multi using npn sliconi transistors has the 7M same fallowing parameters.  $V_{CC}=12V$ ,  $V_{BB}=3V$ ,  $R_{C}=2k\Omega$ ,  $R_{1}=R_{2}=R=20k\Omega$ ,  $h_{FE}=30, r_{bb}'=200\Omega$  and C=1000pF, neglect  $I_{CB0}$ . (a) Calculate and plot to scale the wave shapes at each base and collector. (b) Find the width of the output pulse.

6.	a)	With the help of neat circuit diagram and waveforms explain transistor miller time base generator?	6M
	b)	Discuss about the recovery time of a sweep circuit. How do you achieve short recovery time?	8M
7.	a)	Give the comparison of different logic families?	6M
	b)	Draw the circuit diagram of a unidirectional sampling gate which delivers an output only at the coincidence of a number of control voltages and explain its working.	8M

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## II B. Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April - 2018 PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

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Tin	ne: 3	hours (Com to ECE, EIE, ECC)  Max. 1	Marks: 70
No	te: 1.	Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)  2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A  3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B	
		<u>PART –A</u>	
1.	a)	Explain the fractional tilt of a high pass RC circuit. Write its expression?	2M
	b)	State the clamping circuit theorem?	2M
	c)	Define Storage time and Transition time of a diode?	3M
	d)	What are commutating capacitors? Why are they required?	2M
	e)	Compare the voltage and current time base generator? Give examples.	2M
	f)	Differentiate between sampling gates and logic gates?	3M
		<u>PART –B</u>	
2.	a)	With the circuit diagram and waveforms explain the operation of RC circuits	7M
	b)	as Integrators and differentiators for a square wave input Draw the different output waveforms of a RC Low Pass circuit when it is applied with Different inputs like (a) Step-voltage input (b) pulse input C) Square input?	7M
3.	a)	Draw the basic circuit diagram of positive clamper and negative clamper circuits and explain its operation using waveforms?	7M
	b)	Compare series diode and shunt diode clippers?	7M
4.	a)	Distinguish between unsymmetrical and Symmetrical triggering? Why it is used?	7M
	b)	Consider the Schmitt trigger with germanium transistor having $h_{fe}{=}20$ . The circuit parameter are $V_{cc}$ = 15V, $R_s$ = 2k $\Omega$ , $R_{c1}{=}$ 4k $\Omega$ , $R_{c2}{=}1$ k $\Omega$ , $R_1{=}$ 3 k $\Omega$ , $R_2$ = 10 k $\Omega$ and $R_e{=}$ 6 k $\Omega$ . Calculate LTP and UTP?	7M
5.	a)	Explain how to draw the various waveforms and calculate their volatagelevels in an emitter-coupled monostable multivibrator?	7M
	b)	Design an astable multivibrator to generate a 5kHz square wave with a dutycycle of 60% and amplitude 12v. Use NPN silicon transistors having $h_{FE}(min) = 70$ , $V_{CE}(sat) = 0.3v$ , $V_{BE}(sat) = 0.7v$ , $V_{BE}(cutoff) = 0v$ and $RC = 2K$ . Draw the waveforms seen at both collectors and bases.	7M
6.	a)	With the help of a neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the working of a transistor bootstrap time base generator?	8M
	b)	List out the different methods for generating time base waveforms  1 of 2	6M

7.	a)	Draw the circuit of FOUR-DIODE sampling gate. Derive expressions for its	7M
		gain (A) and V <sub>min</sub> ?	
	b)	Draw and explain the circuit diagram of NAND, NOR gate using DTL logic	7M

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No	te: 1.	Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)  2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A  3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B	
		PART –A	
1.	a)	Why sinusoidal waveforms are popular?	2M
	b)	What are the disadvantages of unidirectional diode gate and two-diode gates?	3M
	c)	Describe astable multivibrator?	2M
	d)	Define diode forward recovery time and diode reverse recovery time?	2M
	e)	What are the methods of generating a time-base waveform?	2M
	f)	What do you mean by one-way and two-way clamping?	3M
		PART -B	
2.	a)	With the help of circuit diagrams, explain the working of RC and RL low-pass	7M
	b)	circuits? Write short notes on: (i) RL circuits, (ii) RLC series circuits, (iii) RLC parallel circuits, and (iv) Ringing circuits	7M
3.	a)	With the help of a neat circuit diagram, explain the working of a two-level clipper?	7M
	b)	Draw the circuit of a shunt diode positive peak clipper. Assume $R_f$ =50 $\Omega$ , $V_\gamma$ =0.6V, $R_r$ =2M $\Omega$ , R=20K $\Omega$ and $V_R$ =+15V. Sketch the transfer characteristics when the input voltage varies between -20V and +20V. Indicate the slopes, voltage levels $V_0$ (max) and $V_0$ (min) and the region where the diode conducts. Also sketch the input/output waveforms, if a sine wave of 20V peak is applied as an input. If a load resistance of 30K $\Omega$ is connected across the output terminals, sketch the transfer characteristics and the output wave for a 20V peak sine wave input?	7M
4.	a)	Briefly explain about: (i) Diode switching and (ii) Transistor switching times	6M
	b)	With the help of a neat circuit diagram, explain the working of fixed-bias binary? Draw its waveforms.	8M
5.	a)	Describe a monostable multivibrator and draw the neat diagram with waveforms and explain operation of the collector coupled monostable multivibrator?	7M
	b)	Design the Astable Multivibrator to generate 1 KHz square wave. The supply voltage $V_{CC}$ =10V, $I_{C(sat)}$ =10mA, $h_{FE}$ =50 and assume Si transistors.	7M
6.	a)	What are the general features of time base signal? Explain	6M
	b)	Derive the expression for frequency of oscillations of UJT relaxation oscilator	8M

/.	a)	With the help of a neat diagram, explain the working of a six-diode gate?	6M
	b)	Draw a TTL NAND gate and explain its operation	8M

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Time: 3 hours  (Com to ECE, EIE, ECC)  Max. 1			Marks: 70	
No	te: 1.	Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)  2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A  3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B		
		<u>PART –A</u>		
1.	a)	What do you mean by time constant of a circuit?	3M	
	b)	What is the difference between the clipping and clamping?	2M	
	c)	Define the terms UTP and LTP?	2M	
	d)	Give other names of monostable multivibrator and write any two applications of monostable multivibrator	2M	
	e)	Define the terms: (i) slope error, (ii) displacement error and (iii) transmission error?	2M	
	f)	What are the merits and demerits of TTL logic?	3M	
		<u>PART –B</u>		
2.	a)	Describe the relationship between rise time and RC time constant of a low pass RC circuit?	7M	
	b)	Explain the response of RC High Pass circuit for the following input waveforms A) Step B) Pulse	7M	
3.	a)	Give the circuits of different types of shunt clippers and explain their operation with the help of their transfer characteristics?	6M	
	b)	Describe what is clamping operation? State and prove the clamping circuit theorem?	8M	
4.	a)	Discuss about the design of Transistor as a switch?	7M	
	b)	Design collector coupled fixed-bias Bistable Multivibrator to operate from $\pm 6V$ supply. Given $I_C(sat) = 1mA$ , $h_{FE} = 35$ . Assume Si transistor.	7M	
5.	a)	Explain with the help of neat circuit diagram the principle of operation of monostable multivibrator, and derive an expression for pulse width?	7M	
	b)	Design a collector coupled a stable multivibrator to meet the following Specifications: f=10 KHZ, $V_{\rm CC}$ =12V, IC(sat)=4mA and h <sub>FE</sub> (min)=20. Assume that $V_{\rm CE}$ (sat)=0.3V and $V_{\rm BE}$ (sat)=0.7V.	7M	
6.	a)	List out applications of voltage time base generator	6M	
	b)	Compare the voltage and current time base generator? Give examples and explain the basic principles of miller and bootstrap time-base generators?  1 of 2	8M	

7.	a)	With the help of a neat diagram, explain the working of a Bidirectional gates	7M
		using transistors?	

b) Describe ECL logic? With the help of a neat diagram, explain the working of a two-input ECL OR/NOR gate?